FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2013 and 2012

WITH

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

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HEB BUSINESS SOLUTIONS 375 South 300 West Salt Lake City, Utah 84101 Tel (801) 328-5000 Fax (801) 328-5009 www.hebsolutions.com

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS



To the Board of Trustees of Mt. Olympus Improvement District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of Mt. Olympus Improvement District, which comprise the balance sheets as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

To the Board of Trustees of Mt. Olympus Improvement District Page 2

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Mt. Olympus Improvement District as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the related changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 13 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated April 21, 2014, on our consideration of Mt. Olympus Improvement District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audits.

Ander Ein : Barrer

HUBER, ERICKSON & BOWMAN, LLC.

Salt Lake City, Utah April 21, 2014 As management of the Mt. Olympus Improvement District, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the financial statements and accompanying notes to enhance their understanding of the District's financial activities.

History and Background of District

The District was formed in 1946 by the Salt Lake County Commission under state statutes as a Special Service District (now referred to as a Local District) with authority to levy taxes, issue bonds, and construct a sewage collection and treatment system. Since major construction in 1954 the District has operated its own sewer transmission lines and treatment facility until 1978 when the District entered into an Inter-local Agreement with four other local districts and two cities to create the Central Valley Water Reclamation Facility (CVWRF), a regionalized wastewater treatment facility in which the District owns a 25.6% undivided interest.

On August 13, 2012 the District adopted a name change from Salt Lake City Suburban Sanitary District No.1 to Mt. Olympus Improvement District to help distinguish it from Salt Lake City and other local government agencies.

Today the District collects wastewater from a service area with boundaries on the north of approximately 2700 South from the Jordan River east to the mountains and on the south from the Jordan River at about 4100 South east on a diagonal to Highland Drive and 6200 South and then east to the mountains. This service area encompasses parts of unincorporated Salt Lake County, approximately half of The City of South Salt Lake, a large portion of The City of Holladay, and a small portion of Murray City, thus serving a population of approximately 184,000 residents and businesses. The District owns, operates and maintains 9,018 manholes and 375.6 miles of sewer collection lines, which convey and deliver wastewater for treatment to the CVWRF located at 800 West Central Valley Road in the City of South Salt Lake.

Financial Highlights

Total net position for 2013 was \$44,025,183. Of this amount, \$12,644,265 (District Capital Assets) and the \$21,980,221 Investment in CVWRF Joint Venture (therefore classified as an Unrestricted Asset), represent land, wastewater collection and treatment systems, buildings, vehicles, and equipment.

The remaining \$9,400,697 of Unrestricted Net Assets primarily consist of operating cash and investment reserves maintained for emergencies, major repairs and replacements, and capital projects. These reserves are also maintained in-lieu of funding depreciation and may be used to meet the District's obligations to citizens and creditors.

- The District's total assets increased by \$244,629 mainly due an increase in reserves.
- The District's total liabilities decreased by \$382,119 during the current fiscal year. The decrease is mainly due to the decrease in the Revenue bond payable.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The District operates and accounts for its activities as an enterprise fund which is similar to private business enterprises.

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements. The financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The statement of net position (formally statement of net assets, but changed per GASB Statement No. 63 & 65) presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of the financial position of the District.

The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused sick leave).

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceed liabilities by \$44,025,183 as of December 31, 2013.

The largest portion of the District's assets, 71% reflects unrestricted net assets. The remaining portion of the District's assets, 29% reflects net assets invested in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment). The District uses these capital assets and its investment in CVWRF joint venture to provide services to citizens and consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending since the assets cannot be liquidated. The District's investment in CVWRF joint venture represents 71% of unrestricted net assets.

Mt. Olympus Improvement District

	2013	2012	2011
Current and other assets	\$34,474,300	\$34,727,990	\$34,046,476
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	12,644,265	12,145,946	12,393,727
Total assets	47,118,565	46,873,936	46,440,203
Long-term liabilities outstanding	2,177,025	2,455,787	2,747,207
Other liabilities	916,357	1,019,714	941,695
Total liabilities	3,093,382	3,475,501	3,688,902
Net position:			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	12,644,265	12,145,946	12,393,727
Unrestricted	31,380,918	31,252,489	30,357,574
Total net position	\$44,025,183	\$43,398,435	\$42,751,301

During the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, the District's net position increased by \$626,748 and \$647,134 respectively. The increase in 2013 is due to increased reserves and paying down the bond. The increase in 2012 is due to a service rate & tax rate increase that was greater than the annual depreciation amount, and paying down the bond.

Key elements of the change in net position are as follows:

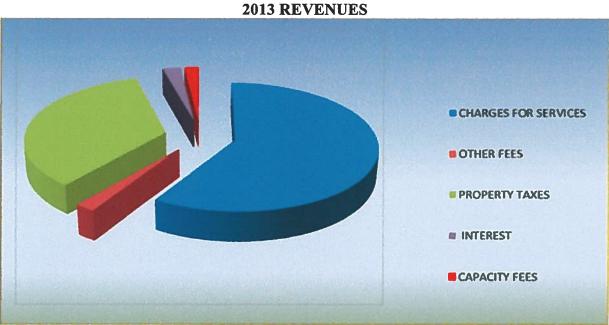
Mt. Olympus Improvement District

	2013	2012	2011
Operating Revenues:			
Sewer fees	\$4,963,388	\$4,957,137	\$4,336,175
Other	173,992	107,565	162,521
Total operating revenues	5,137,380	5,064,702	4,498,696
Operating Expenses:			
Wages and employee benefits	2,542,611	2,410,179	2,371,310
Operating expenses from CVWRF joint venture	2,448,538	2,383,661	2,711,289
Depreciation	526,807	532,505	586,921
Other	1,122,992	1,201,231	958,539
Total operating expenses	6,640,948	6,527,576	6,628,059
Net loss from operations	(1,503,568)	(1,462,874)	(2,129,363)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses):			
County property taxes	2,955,237	2,974,644	1,569,190
Interest income (expense) and other	196,725	107,102	63,809
Equity in loss from CVWRF joint venture	(1,282,677)	(1,322,760)	(1,318,807)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	1,869,285	1,758,986	314,192
Capital Contributions:			
Capacity fees	154,243	172,850	169,450
Developer contributed sewer lines	106,788	178,172	44,757
Total capital contributions	261,031	351,022	214,207
Increase (decrease) in net position	626,748	647,134	(1,600,964)
Net position – Beginning	43,398,435	42,751,301	44,352,265
Net position – Ending	\$44,025,183	\$43,398,435	\$42,751,301

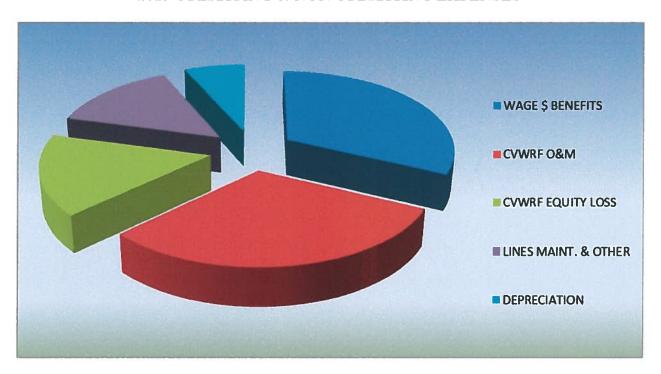
Sewer fees increased by \$6,251 or .13% and \$620,962 or 14.32% for the year ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The increase for the year ended December 31, 2013 is attributable to a net increase in the number of new connections totaling 65.

The increase for the year ended December 31, 2012 is attributable to a rate increase from \$7 per residential equivalent to \$8 per residential equivalent per month and an increase in the number of new connections totaling 137.

- Property taxes decreased by \$19,408 or 0.65%. and increased by \$1,405,454 or 89.57%, during the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The decrease during the year ended December 31, 2013, is due to a decrease in certified tax rate from 0.000391 to 0.000373, while the increase during the year ended December 31, 2012, is due to a tax rate increase from 0.000202 to 0.000391 and a slight increase in the District's tax base.
- Interest income from investments increased by \$28,924 and by \$33,028 for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The increase is the result of additional sewer fees and property tax revenue to be invested in 2013 and 2012.
- Equity loss from CVWRF joint venture consists primarily of depreciation. The District's depreciation on its capital assets as well as the District's portion of CVWRF joint venture depreciation is \$1,905,967 and \$1,912,523 for the year ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, which is included in the increase in net position.
- Capital contributions decreased by \$89,990 for the year ended December 31, 2013. The decrease is attributable to a lower number of building projects finalized within the district in the past year.



2013 OPERATING & NON OPERATING EXPENSES



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Service and Budgetary Highlights

During 2013, the District collected approximately 5.08 billion gallons of wastewater removing approximately 3,520 dry tons of organic pollutants measured by the consumption of oxygen by bacteria (BOD) and another 3,183 tons of suspended solids (TSS). This represents a daily average of 13.91 million gallons per day of wastewater and 19,286 pounds per day of BOD and 17,443 pounds per day of TSS. This waste stream was generated by an average of 27,463 billing accounts using approximately 51,794 monthly units of service, a service unit being based on the wastewater and domestic pollutant load discharged by an average residence each month.

This service effort includes personnel for maintenance operations, engineering and inspection for construction compliance, clerical, accounting and administration. This staff of 23 full-time employees is governed by a three member Board of Trustees. Annual funding of operations is the result of adopting and annual budget after a public hearing. The budget is maintained on a cash basis.

The following schedule summarizes the original budget, and amended budget, the actual and the variance.

Mt. Olympus Improvement District Budget vs. Actual (Cash Basis) Year Ended December 31, 2013

	2013 Budget		
	(Original)	Actual	Variance
Revenues:			
Operating revenue	\$ 4,972,06	4 \$ 4,994,651	\$ 22,587
Property taxes	2,872,10	1 3,084,469	212,368
Interest income	123,62	2 194,900	71,278
Capacity fees	103,00	0 154,243	51,243
Other	175,50	0 173,991	(1,509)
	8,246,28	7 8,602,254	355,967
Expenses:			
Sewer lines	2,200,04	4 2,019,106	180,938
Pretreatment	282,17	5 256,532	25,643
CVWRF facility	2,693,692	2,395,541	298,151
CVWRF facility additions	461,73	6 452,248	9,488
CVWRF bond redemptions	300,000	300,000	•
Administration	1,229,95	1,024,651	205,299
Interest expense	77,60	77,600	-
Engineering and inspection	497,59	5 493,390	4,205
Paying agent	3,34	2,500	840
Property additions (net non-cash items)	335,09	5 918,338	(583,243)
	8,081,22	7,939,906	141,321
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues over			
Expenses	165,06	0 662,348	497,288
Use of (addition to) District reserves	(165,060) (662,348)	(497,288)
Excess of Revenues over Expenses Including Reserves	\$	- \$ -	\$ -

Differences between the actual and budget for the year 2013 can be briefly summarized as follows:

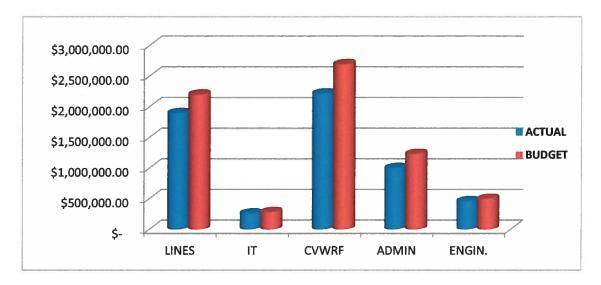
▶ \$355,967 favorable variance for total revenue, mainly due to increase in property tax receipts, sewer fees and interest associated with increased property tax deposits.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2013 and 2012

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- \$141,321 favorable variance for total expenses. Departmental expense budgets came in under budget for 2013, but three main items contributed to this favorable balance.
- ► 1- CVWRF operating and capital budgets contributed to \$298,151 of the favorable variance, due to lower flow demands in 2013.
- ➤ 2- Lines operations and maintenance came under budget by \$180,938, due to ability to rehabilitate lines vs. replacement.
- ▶ 3- Administration budget for professional fees came under budget by \$205,299



Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets for its business-type activities as of December 31, 2013, amounts to \$12,644,265 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, sewer systems, automobiles, equipment.

Mt. Olympus Improvement District Capital Assets (Net of depreciation)

	2013	2012	2011
Land	\$ 449,836	\$ 449,836	\$ 449,836
Sewer main	10,417,790	9,839,522	9,661,348
Sewer systems	20,358,691	20,358,691	20,358,691
Office & garage	2,028,201	2,007,069	2,007,069
Furniture & fixtures	208,728	208,728	208,728
Automobiles & trucks	1,435,119	1,148,272	1,129,677
Tools & equipment	536,746	457,867	552,678
Total	35,435,111	34,469,985	34,368,027
Less accumulated depreciation	(22,790,846)	(22,324,039)	(21,974,300)
Grand Total	\$ 12,644,265	\$ 12,145,946	\$ 12,393,727

Reserve Funds

The District held \$11,320,722 in reserves at the end of the current fiscal year. The reserve funds are maintained to provide liquid assets for funding repairs and reconstruction of District-owned infrastructure in the event of catastrophic events, which potentially could affect the District's ability to provide service to its residents.

Reserve and Fee Structure

The monthly service fee is \$8.00 per month. Since the District does not fund depreciation the Board of Trustees has set a reserve amount that the District maintains. (See above statement) The tax rate is .000373.

Long Term Debt -Revenue Bonds, Series 2010

Under the direction of the Board of Trustees a three member team consisting of the General Manager, Controller and a Board Member, along with the services of George K Baum & Company presented to Standard & Poor's a presentation about the District and its financial position to obtain a bond rating. On August 31, 2010 Standard & Poor's issued the District a AA+ rating. On November 29th, 2012, Standard & Poor's performed a midterm review of the District financial statements and forecasted financial position and reconfirmed their issued rating of AA+.

Based on the AA+ Bond rating and the ability to secure a lower interest rate of 2.4%, with an approx. \$500,000 savings, The Board of Trustees approved and issued Revenue Bonds with a par amount of \$2,815,000 on September 29, 2010.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

December 31, 2013 and 2012

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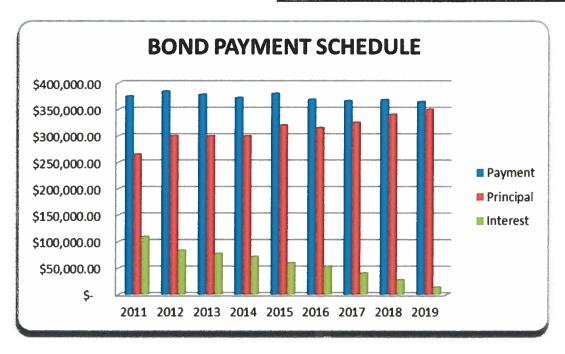
Terms of the long term debt are as followed:

- Net coupon rate of 2.4%, 9-Year term.
- > 5-Year par call feature.
- Principal is due annually on December 15 for years 2011 2019.
- ➤ Interest is due semi-annually on June 15 and December 15 for Years 2011-2019.
- ➤ Debt service fund set aside in the amount of \$298,500 and a Rate Stabilization Fund of \$1,200,000.

Debt service requirements for the District's share of the loan proceeds are as follows:

Mt. Olympus Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2010

v <u>-</u>	,		
Year	 Payment	Principal	Interest
2014	\$ 371,600 \$	300,000	\$ 71,600
2015	379,600	320,000	59,600
2016	368,200	315,000	53,200
2017	365,600	325,000	40,600
2018	367,600	340,000	27,600
2019	 364,000	350,000	14,000
Total	\$ 2,216,600 \$	1,950,000	\$ 266,600

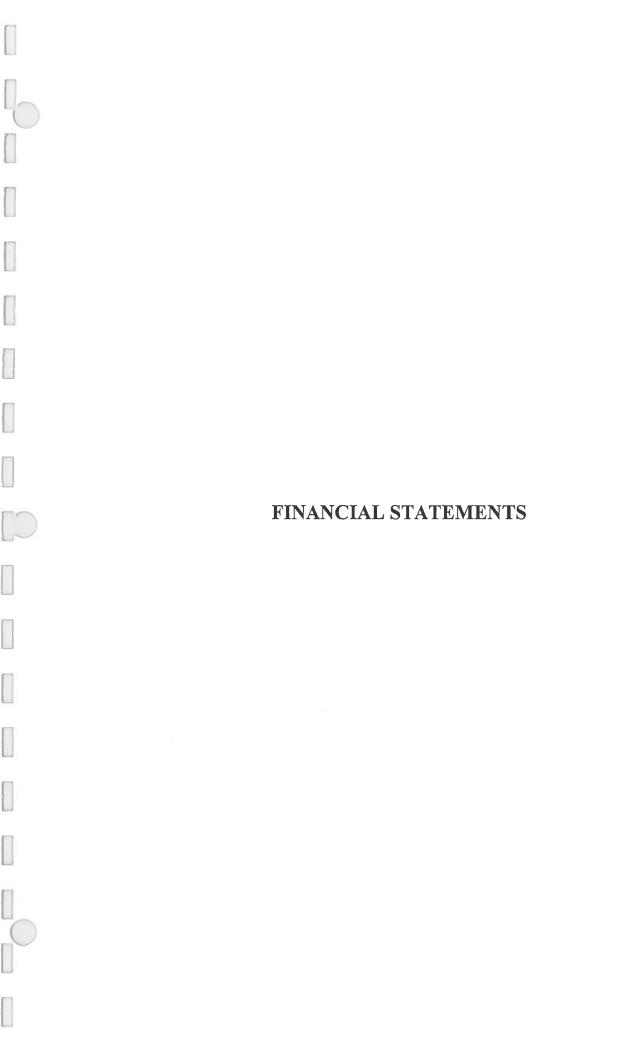


MT. OLYMPUS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT Management's Discussion and Analysis December 31, 2013 and 2012

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Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Salt Lake City Suburban Sanitary District No. 1, Attention: Kerry S. Eppich, General Manager, 3932 South 500 East, Salt Lake City, UT 84107-1895.



Balance Sheets

December 31, 2013 and 2012

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ASSETS

	2013	2012
Current Assets		
Cash	\$ 413,942	\$ 383,743
Investments	4,775,672	4,342,986
Accounts receivable	161,419	202,572
Interest receivable	-	45
Tax collections receivable	74,252	203,484
Unremitted property liens	147,662	116,228
Prepaid insurance	26,499	25,689
Inventory-gas, oil, parts	29,309	46,732
Total Current Assets	5,628,755	5,321,479
Investments	6,545,049	6,275,586
Investment in CVWRF Joint Venture	21,980,221	22,810,650
Working Capital Advances to		
CVWRF Joint Venture	320,275	320,275
Capital Assets		
Land	449,836	449,836
Sewer systems and equipment	34,985,275	34,020,149
Less accumulated depreciation	(22,790,846)	(22,324,039)
Net Capital Assets	12,644,265	12,145,946
Total Assets	\$ 47,118,565	\$ 46,873,936

Balance Sheets (Continued)

December 31, 2013 and 2012

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LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION

	2013	2012
Liabilities		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 16,348	\$ 125,754
Accounts payable - CVWRF joint venture	251,798	198,801
Payroll and payroll taxes payable	-	68,491
Deposits	12,400	2,600
Unearned revenue	335,811	324,068
Revenue bond payable - current portion	300,000	300,000
Total Current Liabilities	916,357	1,019,714
Long-Term Liabilities		
Accumulated leave	358,407	325,199
Bond premium	168,618	180,588
Revenue bond payable - long-term portion	1,650,000	1,950,000
Total Long-Term Liabilities	2,177,025	2,455,787
Total Liabilities	3,093,382	3,475,501
Net Position		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	12,644,265	12,145,946
Unrestricted	31,380,918	31,252,489
Total Net Position	44,025,183	43,398,435
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 47,118,565	\$ 46,873,936

MT. OLYMPUS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

	2013	2012
Operating Revenues		
Sewer fees	\$ 4,963,388	\$ 4,957,137
Inspection fees	4,900	5,300
Nose-on	4,000	5,800
Penalties	146,351	89,071
Miscellaneous operating revenue	18,741	7,394
Total Operating Revenues	5,137,380	5,064,702
Operating Expenses		
Wages and salaries	1,654,748	1,589,116
Employee benefits	887,863	821,063
Truck and auto expense	112,477	130,359
Line repairs and maintenance	477,552	575,091
Supplies	11,875	11,992
Electric power	20,613	22,862
Other utilities	13,177	12,772
Telephone	21,294	16,935
Uniforms	8,683	8,045
Emergency	1,214	4,507
Subscriptions and training	58,862	46,714
Insurance	53,673	53,296
Operating expenses from CVWRF joint venture	2,448,538	2,383,661
Building maintenance	22,474	30,597
Legal services	66,491	60,927
Audit and accounting fees	12,500	11,400
Nose-on expense	241	6,377
Blue Stakes	8,607	7,537
District trustee fee and expenses	15,000	15,000
Postage	84,533	74,190
Data processing	18,625	17,077
Depreciation	526,807	532,505

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position (Continued)

Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

	2013	2012
Miscellaneous	34,261	49,087
Bad debt expense	4,846	4,795
Professional services	75,636	41,671
Election expenses	358	
Total Operating Expenses	6,640,948	6,527,576
Loss from Operations	(1,503,568)	(1,462,874)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		
Interest income	194,855	165,931
County property taxes	2,955,237	2,974,644
Paying agent fees	(2,500)	(3,240)
Gain on sale of property and equipment	70,000	18,600
Interest expense	(65,630)	(74,189)
Equity loss from CVWRF joint venture	(1,282,677)	(1,322,760)
Net Non-Operating Revenues	1,869,285	1,758,986
Net Income Before Capital Contributions	365,717	296,112
Capital Contributions		
Capacity fees	154,243	172,850
Developer contributed sewer lines	106,788	178,172
Total Capital Contributions	261,031	351,022
Increase in Net Position	626,748	647,134
Net Position - Beginning of Year	43,398,435	42,751,301
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 44,025,183	\$ 43,398,435

Statements of Cash Flows

Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

		<u> </u>
	2013	2012
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 5,158,842	\$ 5,097,892
Payments to vendors	(3,601,526)	(3,602,615)
Payments to employees	(2,577,894)	(2,323,697)
Net Cash Used In Operating Activities	(1,020,578)	(828,420)
Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing Activ	vities	
Property taxes collected	3,084,469	2,831,775
Miscellaneous non-capital items	(2,500)	(3,240)
Net Cash Provided By		
Non-Capital Financing Activities	3,081,969	2,828,535
Cash Flows From Capital and Related		
Financing Activities		
Acquisition of property and equipment	(918,338)	(106,552)
Bond issuance premium	(11,970)	(9,411)
Cash received for capacity fees	154,243	172,850
Cash paid on revenue bonds	(365,630)	(374,189)
Net Cash Used In Capital and		
Related Financing Activities	(1,141,695)	(317,302)

Statements of Cash Flows (Continued)

	Years	Ended	December	31,	2013	and	2012
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	2013	2012
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
Net payments from purchases		
of investments	(702,104)	(3,216,969)
Cash received from sale of property and equipment	70,000	18,600
Interest received from investments	194,855	165,931
Net (contributions to) distributions from		
CVWRF joint venture	(452,248)	(411,342)
Net Cash Used in	•	
Investing Activities	(889,497)	(3,443,780)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash	30,199	(1,760,967)
Cash, Beginning of Year	383,743	2,144,710
Cash, End of Year	\$ 413,942	\$ 383,743

Supplemental Disclosure of Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities

Developer contributed sewer lines were \$106,788 and \$178,172 in 2013 and 2012, respectively.

The District recognized a loss from its investment in CVWRF joint venture of \$1,282,677 and \$1,322,760 in 2013 and 2012, respectively.

During 2013, the District sold fully depreciated property and equipment with a cost of \$60,000, for \$70,000.

During 2012, the District sold fully depreciated property and equipment with a cost of \$182,766, for \$18,600.

Statements of Cash Flows (Continued)

Years Ended December 31, 2013 and 2012

		2013	 2012
Reconciliation of Loss from Operations to Net C Used in Operating Activities	ash		
Loss from Operations	\$	(1,503,568)	\$ (1,462,874)
Adjustments to reconcile loss from operations to net cash used in operating activities:			
Depreciation		526,807	532,505
(Increase) decrease in assets:		41 152	26 405
Accounts receivable		41,153	26,405
Unremitted tax liens		(31,434)	(12,750)
Prepaid insurance		(810)	218
Inventory		17,423	(7,934)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities: Accounts payable		(56,409)	(6 007)
Deposits liability		,	(6,007)
Deferred revenue		9,800	(4,000)
		11,743	19,535
Payroll and payroll taxes payable		(68,491)	68,491
Accumulated sick leave liability		33,208	 17,991
Net Cash Used In Operating Activities	\$	(1,020,578)	\$ (828,420)

1. ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Mt. Olympus Improvement District (the District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the District are described below:

Reporting Entity

Mt. Olympus Improvement District, formerly Salt Lake City Suburban Sanitary District #1, (the District) is an agency of the State of Utah organized during 1946 as a special service district for the purpose of providing sewer services. The State of Utah has no oversight responsibility over the District; therefore, the District is not reported as a component unit of the State of Utah. The District has no oversight responsibilities over any other government entities. As of December 31, 2008, the District is now considered a local district by the State of Utah. Effective August 13, 2012, the board of directors passed a resolution to change the name of the District from Salt Lake City Suburban Sanitary District #1 to Mt. Olympus Improvement District.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The District is an enterprise fund, which is included under the proprietary fund type. Enterprise funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business or where the board has decided that the determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

Proprietary funds are accounted for on the flow of economic resources measurement focus and use of accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 20, the District applies all applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, except for those that conflict with or contradict GASB.

On January 1, 2004, the District adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 34 "Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments." Statement 34 established standards for external financial reporting for all state and local governmental entities which includes a statement of net assets or balance sheet, a statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position and a statement of cash flows. It requires the classification of net assets into three components – invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. These classifications are defined as follows:

Invested in capital assets, net of related debt — This component of net assets consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds are not included in the calculation of invested in capital assets, net of related debt. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net assets component as the unspent proceeds.

Restricted – This component of net assets consists of constraints placed on the net asset use through external constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets – This component of net assets consists of net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

Inventory

Inventory is valued using the first-in-first-out method (FIFO). Inventory is recorded at the lower of cost or market. Obsolete inventory is written off in the period it is deemed worthless.

Investments

Investments are carried at market value or cost where market value is not determinable. Investments are amortized from the date of purchase to scheduled maturity dates and the unamortized amounts are included in the cost of the investments.

The District has certain reserves set aside to provide for future sewer line and plant expansion. The funding philosophy of the District is to have reserves available for projects that may arise rather than bond again or use debt financing. Accordingly, two special accounts were created with an escrow agent for the "District Lines and Central Valley Reserve Fund" and the "Bond Debt Reserve Fund". These investments consist of investments in the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund, government bonds, municipal bonds, corporate bonds, and certificates of deposit and are classified as non-current investments in the balance sheet.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at either historical cost or estimated historical cost. Normal maintenance and repairs, which neither materially add to the value of the property nor appreciably prolong its life, are charged to expense as incurred. The net book value of property sold, or otherwise disposed of, is removed from the property and accumulated depreciation accounts and the resulting gain or loss is included in income.

Depreciation of capital assets is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Sewer mains and system	50 years
Office building, garage and improvements	5-40 years
Furniture and fixtures	8 years
Automobile and trucks	5 years
Tools and equipment	3-8 years

Unearned Revenue

Sewer fees are billed to customers in advance of the period in which the expenses are to be incurred. Those sewer fees received in advance of the period of expense are shown in the accompanying financial statements as unearned revenue. Sewer fees are recognized as revenue as they are earned throughout the year.

Contributed Sewer Lines

The District receives title to various sewer lines that have been constructed by real estate developers. The District must certify that all sewer lines meet required specifications. Upon certification, the District records the fair value of the sewer lines as property and are depreciated under the depreciation policies of the District.

Accumulated Leave

District employees are entitled to certain accumulated leave benefits based on their length of employment. Unused sick leave can be accumulated up to 2,080 hours and must be used by employees at retirement as follows: 1) sick leave must be cashed out at one fourth the accumulated value, and 2) the remaining accumulated value must be used to pay for health care premiums from retirement date until fully expended, the balance is also available for a Medicare supplement until fully expended. Employees that are terminated before retirement forfeit any sick leave benefits. Unused vacation leave is accumulated up to the current year allocation plus 120 hours.

Revenues and Expenses

Revenues and expenses are distinguished between operating and non-operating items. Operating revenues generally result from providing services in connection with the District's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District are sewer fees for conveyance and wastewater treatment services. Although property tax revenues are for maintenance and operations, they are classified as non-operating revenues in accordance with GASB 34 and GASB 9.

Operating expenses include the costs associated with the conveyance and treatment of wastewater, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Pension Plans

The District participates in the State Retirement System. Pension cost is combined with employee benefits and is recorded on an accrual basis. The District's policy is to fund pension costs as they occur.

Property Tax Revenues

Property taxes are levied on January 1st based on the assessed value of property as listed on the previous May 31st. Assessed values are an approximation of market value. The county assessor must make a valuation of all real property every year. Property taxes are delinquent after November 30. The District's tax rate for 2013 and 2012 was .000373 and .000391, respectively. The statutory maximum set by the state is .0008 for operations and maintenance. There is no maximum for reduction of general obligation bonds.

Budgetary Accounting

For management and control purposes, the District adopts and maintains an annual budget, which is maintained on a cash basis. Items budgeted, but not expended, are not carried over to succeeding years. Each budget item must be re-approved each year.

Income Taxes

The District is exempt from all federal and state income taxes as a political division created by Utah State Law.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications were made to the December 31, 2012 financial statements in order to conform to the December 31, 2013 financial statement presentation.

Use of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The State of Utah Money Management Council has the responsibility to advise the State Treasurer about investment policies, promote measures and rules that will assist in strengthening the banking and credit structure of the state and review the rules adopted under the authority of the State of Utah Money Management Act that relate to the deposit and investment of public funds.

The District follows the requirements of the Utah Money Management Act (*Utah Code*, Section 51, Chapter 7) in handling its depository and investment transactions. The Act requires the depositing of District funds in a qualified depository. The Act defines a qualified depository as any financial institution whose deposits are insured by an agency of the Federal Government and which has been certified by the State Commissioner of Financial Institutions as meeting the requirements of the Act and adhering to the rules of the Utah Money Management Council.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

The balance sheet captions, which relate to deposits and investments, are summarized as follows:

	2013	2012
Cash	\$ 413,942	\$ 383,743
Investments	4,775,672	4,342,986
Non-current investments	6,545,049	6,275,586
	\$ 11,734,663	\$ 11,002,315

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At December 31, 2013 and 2012, the carrying amount of the District's cash was \$413,942 and \$383,743; respectively, and the bank balance was \$461,567 and \$390,348, respectively. Of the bank balance, \$250,000 and \$250,000 was covered for 2013 and 2012, respectively, by Federal depository insurance and the remaining balances were held in a sweep account invested in short-term U.S. Government Securities and, therefore, may be exposed to certain credit risk.

<u>Investments</u>

The Money Management Act defines the types of securities authorized as appropriate investments for the District and the conditions for making investment transactions. Investment transactions may be conducted only through qualified depositories, certified dealers, or directly with issuers of the investment securities.

Statutes authorize the District to invest in negotiable or nonnegotiable deposits of qualified depositories and permitted negotiable depositories; repurchase and reverse purchase agreements; commercial paper that is classified as "first tier" by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, one of which must be Moody's Investors Services or Standard & Poor's; bankers' acceptances; obligations of the United State Treasury including bills, notes, and bonds; bonds, notes or other evidence of indebtedness of political subdivisions of the State; fixed rate corporate obligations and variable rate securities rated "A" or higher, or the equivalent of "A" or higher, by two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations; shares or certificates in a money market mutual fund as defined in the Act; and the Utah State Public Treasurer's Investment Fund.

The Utah State Treasurer's Office operates the Public Treasurer's Investment Fund (PTIF). The PTIF is available for investment of funds administered by any Utah public treasurer.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

The PTIF is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The PTIF is authorized and regulated by the Money Management Act, Section 51-7, *Utah Code Annotated*, 1953, as amended. The Act established the Money Management Council which oversees the activities of the State Treasurer and the PTIF and details the types of authorized investments. Deposits in the PTIF are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Utah, and participants share proportionally in any realized gains or losses on investments.

The PTIF operates and reports to participants on an amortized cost basis. The income, gains, and losses – net of administration fees, of the PTIF are allocated based upon the participant's average daily balance. The fair value of the PTIF investment pool is approximately equal to the value of pool shares.

As of December 31, 2013, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities (in Years)				
				•	More	
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1	1-5	6-10	than 10	
Municipal Bonds	\$ 100,000		\$ 100,000			
Corporate Bonds	\$ 1,478,760		\$ 1,478,760			
Govt. Bonds	\$ 3,859,575		\$ 3,859,575			
State of Utah Public Treasurer's						
Investment Fund	\$ 5,882,386	\$ 5,882,386				

As of December 31, 2012, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		Investment Maturities (in Years)				
					More	
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1	1-5	6-10	than 10	
Municipal Bonds	\$ 100,000		\$ 100,000			
Certificates of Deposit	\$ 100,000		\$ 100,000			
Corporate Bonds	\$ 1,241,824		\$ 1,241,824			
State of Utah Public Treasurer's						
Investment Fund	\$ 9,176,748	\$ 9,176,748				

MT. OLYMPUS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2013 and 2012

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2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District's policy for managing its exposure to fair value loss arising from increasing interest rates is to comply with the State's Money Management Act. Section 51-7-11 of the Act requires that the remaining term to maturity of investments may not exceed the period of availability of the funds to be invested. Except for funds of Institutions of Higher Education acquired by gifts, grants, or the corpus of funds functioning as endowments, the Act further limits the remaining term to maturity on all investments in commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, fixed rate negotiable deposits, and fixed rate corporate obligations to 270-365 days or less. In addition, variable rate negotiable deposits and variable rate securities may not have a remaining term to final maturity exceeding 2 years.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The District's policy for reducing its exposure to credit risk is to comply with the State's Money Management Act previously discussed. As of December 31, 2013 and 2012, the District's investments in the State of Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund were unrated.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The District's policy for reducing this risk of loss is to comply with the Rules of the Money Management Council. Rule 17 of the Money Management Council limits investments in a single issuer of commercial paper and corporate obligations to 5%-10% depending upon the total dollar amount held in the portfolio.

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District does not have a formal policy for custodial credit risk.

3. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of the District's capital asset activity and accumulated depreciation for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 follows:

December 31, 2013

	CAPITAL ASSETS							
		Balance						Balance
		12/31/12		dditions	Ι	Deletions		12/31/13
Assets not being								
depreciated:								
Land	\$	449,836	\$		\$		_\$	449,836
		449,836		-		-		449,836
Assets being depreciated								
Sewer main		9,839,521		578,269		-		10,417,790
Sewer systems		20,358,692		-		-		20,358,692
Office & garage		2,007,069		21,132 -			2,028,201	
Furniture & fixtures		208,728		_			208,728	
Automobiles & trucks		1,148,272		346,847		(60,000)		1,435,119
Tools & equipment		457,867		78,878				536,745
		34,020,149	1	,025,126		(60,000)		34,985,275
	\$	34,469,985	\$1	,025,126	\$	(60,000)	\$	35,435,111
		Λ.	ירו וג	ATII ATED	DEI	PRECIATIO	M	
		Balance	CON	MOLATED	וכוכו י	KECIATIC	714	Balance
		12/31/12	٨	dditions	Т	Deletions		12/31/13
Sewer main	\$	4,030,196	<u></u> \$	174,891		- CICHOHS	\$	4,205,087
Sewer systems	Ψ	15,287,443	Ψ	219,029	Ψ	_	Ψ	15,506,472
Office & garage		1,363,154		52,174		_		1,415,328
Furniture & fixtures		208,452		107				208,559
Automobiles & trucks		1,081,030		48,652		(60,000)		1,069,682
Tools & equipment		353,764		31,954		-		385,718
10010 to equipitiette	-\$	22,324,039	\$	526,807	-\$	(60,000)	\$	22,790,846

3. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

December 31, 2012

				CAPITAL	ASSET	`S		
		Balance					Balance	
		12/31/11	Additions		Dele	tions		12/31/12
Assets not being								
depreciated:								
Land	\$	449,836	\$	-	\$	-	\$	449,836
		449,836		-		_		449,836
Assets being depreciated								
Sewer main		9,661,348		178,173		-		9,839,521
Sewer systems		20,358,692		-		-		20,358,692
Office & garage		2,007,069		-		-		2,007,069
Furniture & fixtures		208,728		-		-		208,728
Automobiles & trucks		1,129,676		55,931	(37	7,335)		1,148,272
Tools & equipment		552,678		50,620	(145	5,431)		457,867
		33,918,191		284,724	(182	2,766)		34,020,149
	\$	34,368,027	\$	284,724	\$(182	2,766)	\$	34,469,985
		A	CCUI	MULATED	DEPRE	CIATIC	N	
		Balance						Balance
		12/31/11	Α	dditions	Dele	tions		12/31/12
Sewer main	\$	3,858,801	\$	171,395	\$	-	\$	4,030,196
Sewer systems		15,064,470		222,973		-		15,287,443
Office & garage		1,309,870		53,284		-		1,363,154
Furniture & fixtures		208,345		107		-		208,452
Automobiles & trucks		1,077,620		40,745	(37	7,335)		1,081,030
Tools & equipment		455,194		44,001	(145	5,431)		353,764
	\$	21,974,300	\$	532,505	\$(182	2,766)	\$	22,324,039

4. PROPERTY TAX REVENUE

The District's tax rate is .000391. During 1999, the District repaid all of its general obligation bonds and the portion of property tax revenue that was originally allocated to repay the general obligation bonds was reallocated, by board resolution, to meet the operating and maintenance needs of the District.

4. PROPERTY TAX REVENUE (CONTINUED)

Property tax revenues are derived from four major sources: (1) general property assessments on real estate and improvements to real estate, (2) personal property assessments on mobile homes, business equipment, etc., (3) age based assessments on motor vehicles, and (4) delinquent tax collections, interest, and fees.

Property tax revenue for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 was as follows:

	2013	2012
Total property taxes for the year	\$ 2,955,237	\$ 2,974,644
Property tax receivable at December 31	<u>\$ 74,252</u>	<u>\$ 203,484</u>

5. UNREMITTED PROPERTY LIENS

Unremitted property liens as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, in the amount of \$147,662 and \$116,228, respectively, represent the total amount of past due accounts receivable which have been referred to the Salt Lake County Treasurer's office for attachment to the related real estate property as liens. However, in 2004 the Utah State Legislature passed HB56 which prohibits the District from collecting from the current owner a previous owner's arrearage for sewer service provided to the property before the current owner's ownership, absent a valid lien. Most of these amounts may not be collectible because of the District's inability to terminate or monitor service and track owners if they move without paying for their service.

6. INVESTMENT IN CVWRF JOINT VENTURE

During 1978, the District entered into a joint venture with four other local districts and two cities. The joint venture was organized under the name of Central Valley Water Reclamation Facility (CVWRF) to operate a regional sewage treatment facility for the benefit of all its members. The joint venture is owned by each of the seven entities and is administered by a seven-member board. Each member appoints one member to the board, and voting power is not related to ownership. Therefore, each member is equal to another for voting privileges.

The joint venture is responsible for adopting a budget and financing its operations subject to the approval by each of the seven members. Each member is billed its share of operation and capital costs based on the members usage and ownership percentage.

6. INVESTMENT IN CVWRF JOINT VENTURE (CONTINUED)

The District incurred the following costs from the CVWRF joint venture:

	 2013		2012
Treatment costs Administration Pretreatment costs Laboratory Interception monitoring	\$ 1,909,749 182,232 91,046 131,782 6,350	\$	1,865,245 204,617 83,767 131,659 7,020
Engineering and safety	\$ 127,379 2,448,538	<u> </u>	91,353 2,383,661

The District accounts for its investment in CVWRF joint venture using the equity method of accounting. The following is a summary of the CVWRF joint venture's financial position as of December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the results of its operations for the years then ended. The amounts at December 31, 2013 and 2012 were obtained from audited financial statements provided by Central Valley Water Reclamation Facility and are available on the Utah State Auditor's website at www.sao.state.ut.us.

Current assets Capital assets, net Due from members Other assets	2013 \$ 4,357,955 87,660,184 9,077,000	2012 \$ 3,972,309 91,035,045 9,756,000 93,711
Total assets	<u>\$ 101,095,139</u>	<u>\$ 104,857,065</u>
Current liabilities Non-current liabilities Net assets	\$ 2,031,269 10,789,026 88,274,844	\$ 1,749,475 11,457,883 91,649,707
Total liabilities and equity	<u>\$ 101,095,139</u>	<u>\$ 104,857,065</u>

6. INVESTMENT IN CVWRF JOINT VENTURE (CONTINUED)

Operating revenues Operating expenses Net operating loss Other	\$ 11,603,236 17,130,996 (5,527,760) 2,152,897	\$ 11,106,441 16,641,050 (5,534,609) 1,760,532
Net loss	\$ (3,374,863)	\$ (3.774.077)

The member entities have decided not to fund depreciation and amortization through contributions to the joint venture. The offset is, in effect, a reduction of member contributions for the CVWRF joint venture in the equity section and reflects the need for contributions in future years.

The District's investment in CVWRF joint venture for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012 is \$21,980,221 and \$22,810,650, respectively. Change in the investment is summarized as follows:

Investment at January 1, 2013	\$ 22,810,650
Capital contributions	452,248
Loss from CVWRF joint venture	 (1,282,677)
Investment at December 31, 2013	\$ 21,980,221

7. REVENUE BONDS PAYABLE

During 2010, the District issued \$2,815,000 Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds. The bond proceeds were used to refund a portion of the District's outstanding revenue bonds to CVWRF. The bond was issued for a net reoffering premium of \$195,239, which is recorded as a deferred gain on refunding and is included in the new debt in the balance sheet. The deferred gain is being amortized over the life of the new debt.

7. REVENUE BONDS PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

Revenue bond debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year	Payment	Principle	Interest
2014	\$ 371,600 \$	300,000 \$	71,600
2015	379,600	320,000	59,600
2016	368,200	315,000	53,200
2017	365,600	325,000	40,600
2018	367,600	340,000	27,600
2019	364,000	350,000	14,000
Total	\$ 2,216,600 \$	1,950,000 \$	266,600

The District's revenue bonds require net revenues of at least 125% of the forthcoming year's debt service requirement. The District met the net revenue requirements for the year ended December 31, 2013.

8. PENSION PLAN

Plan Description: The District contributes to the Local Governmental Noncontributory Retirement System (Noncontributory System), which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Utah Retirement Systems (Systems). The Systems provide refunds, retirement benefits, annual cost of living adjustment, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries in accordance with retirement statutes.

The Systems are established and governed by the respective sections of Chapter 49 of the Utah Code Annotated 1953 as amended. The Utah Retirement Office Act in Chapter 49 provides for the administration of the Utah Retirement Systems and Plans under the direction of the Utah State Retirement Board (The Board) whose members are appointed by the Governor. The Systems issue a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for State and School Noncontributory Retirement System. A copy of the report may be obtained by writing to the Utah Retirement Systems, 540 East 200 South, Salt Lake City, UT 84102 or by calling 1-800-365-8772.

Funding Policy: The District is required to contribute 16.04% of the annual covered salary for the period beginning January 2013 through June 2013, and 17.29% of the annual covered salary for the period beginning July 2013 through December 2013. The contribution rates are actuarially determined rates and contribution requirements are authorized by statute and specified by the Board.

MT. OLYMPUS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2013 and 2012

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8. PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

The District's contributions to the Noncontributory System for the years ending December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011 were \$255,601, \$228,574, and \$202,884, respectively. The contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year.

The District also participates in the State's 401(k) Plan. Employees covered by any of the State retirement plans are eligible to participate. The Board of the Systems administers this plan.

The District incurred expense for employer-paid contributions to the 401(k) Plan for the years ended December 31, 2013, 2012, and 2011 of \$48,839, \$41,959, and \$40,098, respectively.

9. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

At times the District has been involved in unasserted claims or assessments in the ordinary course of operations. Any potential gain or loss contingencies resulting from such matters are not considered to be material.

10. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In accordance with FASB Accounting Standards Codification 855, Subsequent Events, the District has evaluated subsequent events through April 21, 2014, which is the date these financial statements were issued. All subsequent events requiring recognition as of April 21, 2014, have been incorporated into these financial statements herein.

OTHER REPORTS

HEB BUSINESS SOLUTIONS 375 South 300 West Salt Lake City, Utah 84101 Tel (801) 328-5000 Fax (801) 328-5009

www.hebsolutions.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROLS OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STATE OF UTAH LEGAL COMPLIANCE AUDIT GUIDE

To the Board of Trustees of Mt. Olympus Improvement District

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE

We have audited the Mt. Olympus Improvement District's compliance with the general and major state program compliance requirements described in the *State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide* for the year ended December 31, 2013.

The general compliance requirements applicable to Mt. Olympus Improvement District are identified as follows:

Cash Management
Budgetary Compliance
Impact Fees

Utah Retirement Systems Compliance

Conflicts of Interest

Government Records Access Management Act

Nepotism

Utah Public Finance Website Open and Public Meetings Act

Special & Local Service District Board Members

The District did not receive any major or nonmajor State grants during the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012.

Management's Responsibility

Compliance with the requirements referred to above is the responsibility of Mt. Olympus Improvement District's management.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Mt. Olympus Improvement District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide*.

To the Board of Trustees of Mt. Olympus Improvement District Page 38

Those standards and the *State of Utah Legal Compliance Audit Guide* require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a material effect on Mt. Olympus Improvement District and its major programs occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Mt. Olympus Improvement District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Mt. Olympus Improvement District's compliance with those requirements.

Opinion

In our opinion, Mt. Olympus Improvement District, complied, in all material respects, with the general compliance requirements identified above and the compliance requirements that are applicable to each of its major state programs for the year ended December 31, 2013.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

Management of Mt. Olympus Improvement District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Mt. Olympus Improvement District's internal control over compliance to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Mt. Olympus Improvement District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses in internal control over compliance. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

To the Board of Trustees of Mt. Olympus Improvement District Page 39

Purpose of Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, the communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

HUBER, ERICKSON & BOWMAN, LLC.

Certified Public Accountants

April 21, 2014

HEB BUSINESS SOLUTIONS 375 South 300 West Salt Lake City, Utah 84101 Tel (801) 328-5000 Fax (801) 328-5009

www.hebsolutions.com

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees of Mt. Olympus Improvement District:

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Mt. Olympus Improvement District, as of and for the years ended December 31, 2013 and 2012, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Mt. Olympus Improvement District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 21, 2014.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audits of the financial statements, we considered Mt. Olympus Improvement District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Mt. Olympus Improvement District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Mt. Olympus Improvement District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

To the Board of Trustees of Mt. Olympus Improvement District Page 41

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Mt. Olympus Improvement District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance and other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

HUBER, ERICKSON & BOWMAN, LLC.

Maker Eine B.

Certified Public Accountants

April 21, 2014